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# Sanskrit Text Documentation

*Release 0.2.3*

Hrishikesh Terdalkar

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#### Sanskrit Text (Devanagari) Utility Functions

- Free software: GNU General Public License v3
- Documentation: <https://sanskrit-text.readthedocs.io>.



## FEATURES

- Syllabification
- Vara Viccheda
- Pratyāhāra Encoding-Decoding
- Uccāraa Sthāna Yatna Utility
- Several other utility functions

### 1.1 Sanskrit Text

Sanskrit Text (Devanagari) Utility Functions

- Free software: GNU General Public License v3
- Documentation: <https://sanskrit-text.readthedocs.io>.

#### 1.1.1 Features

- Syllabification
- Vara Viccheda
- Pratyāhāra Encoding-Decoding
- Uccāraa Sthāna Yatna Utility
- Several other utility functions

### 1.1.2 Install

To install Sanskrit Text, run this command in your terminal:

```
$ pip install sanskrit-text
```

### 1.1.3 Credits

This package was created with [Cookiecutter](#) and the [hrishikeshrt/cookiecutter-pypackage](#) project template.

## 1.2 Installation

### 1.2.1 Stable release

To install Sanskrit Text, run this command in your terminal:

```
$ pip install sanskrit-text
```

This is the preferred method to install Sanskrit Text, as it will always install the most recent stable release.

If you don't have [pip](#) installed, this [Python installation guide](#) can guide you through the process.

### 1.2.2 From sources

The sources for Sanskrit Text can be downloaded from the [Github repo](#).

You can either clone the public repository:

```
$ git clone git://github.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text
```

Or download the [tarball](#):

```
$ curl -OJL https://github.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text/tarball/master
```

Once you have a copy of the source, you can install it with:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

## 1.3 Usage

To use Sanskrit Text in a project,

```
import sanskrit_text as skt
```



## 1.4 sanskrit\_text

### 1.4.1 sanskrit\_text package

#### Submodules

#### sanskrit\_text.cli module

Console Script for sanskrit-text

`sanskrit_text.cli.main()`

Console Script for sanskrit-text

#### Module contents

Sanskrit Text Utility

`sanskrit_text.ord_unicode(ch: str) → str`

Get Unicode 4-character-identifier corresponding to a character

##### Parameters

**ch** (*str*) – Single character

##### Returns

4-character unicode identifier

##### Return type

str

`sanskrit_text.chr_unicode(u: str) → str`

Get a Unicode character corresponding to 4-character identifier

##### Parameters

**u** (*str*) – 4-character unicode identifier

##### Returns

Single character

##### Return type

str

`sanskrit_text.form_pratyaahaara(letters: List[str]) → str`

Form a pratyaahaara from a list of letters

`sanskrit_text.resolve_pratyaahaara(pratyaahaara: str) → List[List[str]]`

Resolve pratyaahaara into all possible lists of characters

`sanskrit_text.clean(text: str, punct: bool = False, digits: bool = False, spaces: bool = True, allow: Optional[list] = None) → str`

Clean a line of Sanskrit (Devanagari) text

##### Parameters

- **text** (*str*) – Input string
- **punct** (*bool*, *optional*) – If True, the punctuations are kept. The default is False.
- **digits** (*bool*, *optional*) – If True, digits are kept. The default is False.

- **spaces** (*bool*, *optional*) – If False, spaces are removed. It is recommended to not change the default value unless it is specifically relevant to a use-case. The default is True.
- **allow** (*list*, *optional*) – List of characters to allow. The default is None.

**Returns**

Clean version of the string

**Return type**

str

`sanskrit_text.split_lines(text: str, pattern='[\\r\\n]+')` → List[str]

Split a string into a list of strings using regular expression

**Parameters**

- **text** (*str*) – Input string
- **pattern** (*regexp*, *optional*) – Regular expression corresponding to the split points. The default is `r'[rn]+'`.

**Returns**

List of strings

**Return type**

List[str]

`sanskrit_text.trim_matra(line: str)` → str

Trim matra from the end of a string

`sanskrit_text.is_laghu(syllable: str)` → bool

Checks if the current syllable is Laghu

`sanskrit_text.toggle_matra(syllable: str)` → str

Change the Laghu syllable to Guru and Guru to Laghu (if possible)

`sanskrit_text.marker_to_swara(m: str)` → str

Convert a Matra to corresponding Swara

`sanskrit_text.swara_to_marker(s: str)` → str

Convert a Swara to corresponding Matra

`sanskrit_text.get_anunaasika(ch: str)` → str

Get the appropriate anunaasika from the character's group

`sanskrit_text.fix_anuswara(text: str)` → str

Check every anuswaara in the text and change to anunaasika if applicable

`sanskrit_text.get_syllables_word(word: str, technical: bool = False)` → List[str]

Get syllables from a Sanskrit (Devanagari) word

**Parameters**

- **word** (*str*) – Sanskrit (Devanagari) word to get syllables from. Spaces, if present, are ignored.
- **technical** (*bool*, *optional*) – If True, ensures that each element contains at most one Swara or Vyanjana. The default is False.

**Returns**

List of syllables

**Return type**

List[str]

sanskrit\_text.get\_syllables(text: str, technical: bool = False) → List[List[List[str]]]

Get syllables from a Sanskrit (Devanagari) text

**Parameters**

- **text** (str) – Sanskrit (Devanagari) text to get syllables from
- **technical** (bool, optional) – If True, ensures that each element contains at most one Swara or Vyanjana. The default is False.

**Returns**

List of syllables in a nested list format Nesting Levels: Text -> Lines -> Words

**Return type**

List[List[List[str]]]

sanskrit\_text.split\_varna\_word(word: str, technical: bool = True) → List[str]

Obtain the Varna decomposition of a Sanskrit (Devanagari) word

**Parameters**

- **word** (str) – Sanskrit (Devanagari) word to be split.
- **technical** (bool, optional) – If True, a split, vowels and vowel signs are treated independently which is more useful for analysis, The default is True.

**Returns**

List of Varna

**Return type**

List[str]

sanskrit\_text.split\_varna(text: str, technical: bool = True, flat: bool = False) → List[List[List[str]]]

Obtain the Varna decomposition of a Sanskrit (Devanagari) text

**Parameters**

- **word** (str) – Sanskrit (Devanagari) text to be split.
- **technical** (bool, optional) – If True, a split, vowels and vowel signs are treated independently which is more useful for analysis, The default is True.
- **flat** (bool, optional) – If True, a single list is returned instead of nested lists. The default is False.

**Returns**

Varna decomposition of the text in a nested list format. Nesting Levels: Text -> Lines -> Words

- Varna decomposition of each word is a List[char].
- List of Varna decomposition of each word from a line.
- List of Varna decomposition of each line from the text.

If *flat=True*, Varna decomposition of the entire text is presented as a single list, also containing whitespace markers. Lines are separated by a newline character ‘n’ and words are separated by a space character ‘ ‘.

**Return type**

List[List[List[str]]] or List[str]

`sanskrit_text.join_varna(viccheda: str, technical: bool = True) → str`

Join Varna decomposition to form a Sanskrit (Devanagari) word

**Parameters**

- **viccheda** (*list*) – Viccheda output obtained by *split\_varna\_word* with *technical=True* (or output of *split\_varna* with *technical=True* and *flat=True*) IMPORTANT: *technical=True* is necessary.
- **technical** (*bool*) – WARNING: Currently unused. Value of the same parameter passed to *split\_varna\_word*

---

**Note:** Currently only works for the viccheda generated with *technical=True*

---

**Returns**

s – Sanskrit word

**Return type**

str

`sanskrit_text.get_ucchaarana_vector(letter: str, abbrev=False) → Dict[str, int]`

Get ucchaarana sthaana and prayatna based vector of a letter

**Parameters**

- **letter** (*str*) – Sanskrit letter
- **abbrev** (*bool*) – If True, the output will contain English abbreviations otherwise, the output will contain Sanskrit names. The default is False.

**Returns**

**vector** – One-hot vector indicating utpatti sthaana, aabhyantara prayatna and baahya prayatna of a letter

**Return type**

Dict[str, int]

`sanskrit_text.get_ucchaarana_vectors(word: str, abbrev: bool = False) → List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, int]]]`

Get ucchaarana sthaana and prayatna based vector of a word or text

**Parameters**

- **word** (*str*) – Sanskrit word (or text)
- **abbrev** (*bool*) – If True, the output will contain English abbreviations otherwise, the output will contain Sanskrit names. The default is False.

**Returns**

**vectors** – List of (letter, vector)

**Return type**

List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, int]]]

`sanskrit_text.get_signature_letter(letter: str, abbrev: bool = False) → Dict[str, str]`

Get ucchaarana sthaana and prayatna based signature of a letter

**Parameters**

- **letter** (*str*) – Sanskrit letter

- **abbrev** (*bool*) – If True, the output will contain English abbreviations otherwise, the output will contain Sanskrit names. The default is False.

**Returns**

**signature** – utpatti sthaana, aabhyantara prayatna and baahya prayatna of a letter

**Return type**

Dict[str, str]

`sanskrit_text.get_signature_word(word: str, abbrev: bool = False) → List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, str]]]`

Get ucchaarana sthaana and prayatna based signature of a word

**Parameters**

- **word** (*str*) – Sanskrit word (or text) Caution: If multiple words are provided, the spaces are not included in the output list.
- **abbrev** (*bool*) – If True, the output will contain English abbreviations otherwise, the output will contain Sanskrit names. The default is False.

**Returns**

List of (letter, signature)

**Return type**

List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, str]]]

`sanskrit_text.get_signature(text: str, abbrev: bool = False) → List[List[List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, str]]]]]`

Get ucchaarana list of a Sanskrit text

**Parameters**

- **text** (*str*) – Sanskrit text (can contain newlines, spaces)
- **abbrev** (*bool*) – If True, the output will contain English abbreviations otherwise, the output will contain Sanskrit names. The default is False.

**Returns**

List of (letter, signature) for words in a nested list format Nesting Levels: Text -> Lines -> Words

**Return type**

List[List[List[Tuple[str, Dict[str, str]]]]]

`sanskrit_text.get_ucchaarana_letter(letter: str, dimension: int = 0, abbrev: bool = False) → str`

Get ucchaarana sthaana or prayatna of a letter

**Parameters**

- **letter** (*str*) – Sanskrit letter
- **dimension** (*int*) –
  - 0: sthaana
  - 1: aabhyantara prayatna
  - 2: baahya prayatna

The default is 0.

- **abbrev** (*bool*) –

**If True,**

The output will contain English abbreviations

**Otherwise,**

The output will contain Sanskrit names

The default is False.

**Returns**

ucchaarana sthaana or prayatna of a letter

**Return type**

str

`sanskrit_text.get_ucchaarana_word(word: str, dimension: int = 0, abbrev: bool = False) → List[Tuple[str, str]]`

Get ucchaarana of a word

**Parameters**

- **word** (*str*) – Sanskrit word (or text)

**Caution:** If multiple words are provided, the spaces are not included in the output list

- **dimension** (*int*) –

– 0: sthaana

– 1: aabhyantara prayatna

– 2: baahya prayatna

The default is 0.

- **abbrev** (*bool*) –

**If True,**

The output will contain English abbreviations

**Otherwise,**

The output will contain Sanskrit names

The default is False.

**Returns**

List of (letter, ucchaarana)

**Return type**

List[Tuple[str, str]]

`sanskrit_text.get_ucchaarana(text: str, dimension: int = 0, abbrev: bool = False) → List[List[List[Tuple[str, str]]]]`

Get ucchaarana list of a Sanskrit text

**Parameters**

- **text** (*str*) – Sanskrit text (can contain newlines, spaces)

- **dimension** (*int*) –

– 0: sthaana

– 1: aabhyantara prayatna

– 2: baahya prayatna

The default is 0.

- **abbrev** (*bool*) –

**If True,**

The output will contain English abbreviations

**Otherwise,**

The output will contain Sanskrit names

The default is False.

**Returns**

List of (letter, ucchaarana) for words in a nested list format Nesting Levels: Text -> Lines -> Words

**Return type**

List[List[List[Tuple[str, str]]]]

`sanskrit_text.get_sthaana_letter(letter: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_letter for sthaana

`sanskrit_text.get_sthaana_word(word: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_word for sthaana

`sanskrit_text.get_sthaana(text: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana for sthaana

`sanskrit_text.get_aabhyantara_letter(letter: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_letter for aabhyantara

`sanskrit_text.get_aabhyantara_word(word: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_word for aabhyantara

`sanskrit_text.get_aabhyantara(text: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana for aabhyantara

`sanskrit_text.get_baahya_letter(letter: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_letter for baahya

`sanskrit_text.get_baahya_word(word: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana\_word for baahya

`sanskrit_text.get_baahya(text: str, abbrev: bool = False)`

Wrapper for get\_ucchaarana for baahya

## 1.5 Contributing

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given.

You can contribute in many ways:

### 1.5.1 Types of Contributions

#### Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

### Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

### Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “enhancement” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

### Write Documentation

Sanskrit Text could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official Sanskrit Text docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

### Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

## 1.5.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here’s how to set up *sanskrit-text* for local development.

1. Fork the *sanskrit-text* repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/sanskrit-text.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv sanskrit-text  
$ cd sanskrit-text/  
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you’re done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:



```
$ flake8 sanskrit-text tests
$ python setup.py test or pytest
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

### 1.5.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 and 3.8, and for PyPy. Check [https://travis-ci.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text/pull\\_requests](https://travis-ci.com/hrishikeshrt/sanskrit-text/pull_requests) and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

### 1.5.4 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ pytest tests.test_sanskrit_text
```

### 1.5.5 Deploying

A reminder for the maintainers on how to deploy. Make sure all your changes are committed (including an entry in HISTORY.rst). Then run:

```
$ bump2version patch # possible: major / minor / patch
$ git push
$ git push --tags
```

Travis will then deploy to PyPI if tests pass.

## 1.6 Credits

### 1.6.1 Development Lead

- Hrishikesh Terdalkar <[hrishikeshrt@linuxmail.org](mailto:hrishikeshrt@linuxmail.org)>

### 1.6.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first?

## 1.7 History

### 1.7.1 0.1.0 (2022-07-03)

- First release on PyPI.

## INDICES AND TABLES

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